**Trung Gia** High School **THE 2nd WRITTEN TEST ( Grade 12)**

 School Year: 2017- 2018 Time: 45 minutes

|  |
| --- |
| **Mã đề: 152** |

**I.** ***Choose the best answer:***

 **1.** Some funny \_\_\_\_\_in class yesterday. **A.** is happened **B.** happened **C.** was happened **D.** happens

 **2.** You can meet Mr. Pike, who is \_\_\_ behalf \_\_\_ the university to solve the problems of foreign students.

 **A.** for / at **B.** in / for **C.** with / at **D.** on / of

 **3.** Universities send letters of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to successful candidates by post.

 **A.** reply **B.** announcement **C.** acceptance **D.** agreement

 **4.** If he \_\_\_\_ me, I'll be ready to help him. **A.** asks **B.** will ask **C.** to ask **D.** ask

 **5.** These are requirements \_\_\_\_ those who want to become a pharmacist. **A.** on **B.** about **C.** for **D.** in

 **6.** My children had many photographs\_\_\_\_ while we were on our vacation. **A.** taking **B.** took **C.** take **D.** taken

 **7.** His car needs \_\_\_\_\_ **A.** to be fixing **B.** fixing **C.** to fix **D.** fixed

 **8.** These students are wondering what university they should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for. **A.** go **B.** ask **C.** apply **D.** attend

 **9.** George\_\_\_\_\_\_\_another trip to Greece.

 **A.** is said to be planning **B.** is said to be planned **C.** said to be planning **D.** said to be planned

 **10.** If you \_\_\_\_\_as I told you, you \_\_\_ sorry now.

 **A.** do-would not be **B.** had done- would not have been **C.** had done-would not be **D.** did-would not be

 **11.** Bicycles \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the driveway.

 **A.** must not left **B.** must not be left **C.** must not be leaving **D.** must not have left

 **12.** He owed his success not to privilege but to self-education and a driving desire for \_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** achieve **B.** achievable **C.** achiever **D.** achievement

 **13.** The room \_\_\_\_\_ at the moment. **A.** is being cleaned **B.** is cleaning **C.** is cleaned **D.** was being cleaned.

 **14.** If I\_\_\_\_\_ , I would express my feelings. **A.** would ask **B.** asked **C.** were asked **D.** had been asked

 **15.** Last night a tornado swept through Rockvill. It \_\_\_\_\_\_everything in its path.

 **A.** had been destroyed **B.** was destroyed **C.** was being destroyed **D.** destroyed

 **16.** John :" I've passed my final exam" - Tom : "\_\_\_\_\_\_\_"

 **A.** It's nice of you to say so. **B.** That's a good idea. **C.** Congratulations! **D.** Good luck

 **17.** If your brother\_\_\_ , he would come. **A.** invited **B.** invite **C.** were invited **D.** were inviting

 **18.** It\_\_\_ that the strike will end soon. **A.** was expected **B.** are expected **C.** is expected **D.** expected

 **19.** If you \_\_\_\_\_\_ to my advice in the first place, you\_\_\_\_\_\_ in this mess right now.

 **A.** had listened/ wouldn't have been **B.** listened/ wouldn't be

 **C.** listen/ won't be **D.** had listened/ wouldn't be

 **20.** Military is\_\_\_\_\_ in this country. Every man who reaches the age of 18 has to serve in the army for two years.

 **A.** unnecessary **B.** compulsory **C.** optional **D.** illegal

 **21.** The X-ray \_\_\_\_\_in 1895. **A.** is said to be discovered **B.** said to discover

 **C.** is said to have been discovered **D.** said to have been discovered

 **22.** I'll get Minh \_\_\_\_\_ do this for you. **A.** to do **B.** did **C.** done **D.** do

 **23.** " What a lovely hat you have " - " Thanks. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_"

 **A.** I'm glad you like it **B.** I don't care **C.** that's OK **D.** certainly

 **24.** \_\_\_\_ resigned, we would have been forced to sack him.

 **A.** Hadn't he **B.** He had not **C.** He not had **D.** Had he not

 **25.** In Vietnam, a stage of study for children aged from 11 to 17 is called\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** Secondary Education **B.** Higher Education **C.** Primary Education **D.** Pre-school

 **26.** My mother is going \_\_\_this house. **A.** to sold **B.** to sell **C.** to be sold **D.** sell

 **27.** In a school year in Vietnam, there are two **terms** called the first term and the second term.

 **A.** infants **B.** system **C.** semesters **D.** semester

 **28.** The two prisoners are reported \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from the prison last night.

 **A.** to have been escaped **B.** to escape **C.** to have escaped **D.** to be escaping

**II.** ***Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer***

**HOW WE LEARN A LANGUAGE**

The first language you learn to speak is called your native language. As a baby, you listened to your parents or other people speaking and then imitated the sounds you heard. Babies seem to be born with an ability to learn the language they hear.

 Native speakers learn as children to use the right words and arrange **them** in the right order without even thinking about it. If English is your native language, you know automatically that "I going bed" is wrong, but "I'm going to bed" is right.

 If you learn a second language, you have to memorize its words and learn its rules. That's why learning a second language can be difficult.

Young children can learn a new language very easily. If they are **surrounded by people** speaking a different language, they soon learn to speak it as well as their native language.

But as people grow older, it becomes more difficult to learn new languages. People gradually lose the ability to learn the grammar and pronounce the sounds of another language. People who learn a new language as adults usually have a "foreign accent" when they speak it.

 **29.** According to the passage, a native language is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** the first language you learn to speak **B.** the language you speak with a "foreign accent"

 **C.** a new different language you learn to speak **D.** a language you learn to speak as an adult

 **30.** The word "**them**" in paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** right words **B.** children **C.** native speakers **D.** babies

 **31.** The phrase "**surrounded by people**" in paragraph 4 mostly means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** attracting a lot of people **B.** having people around **C.** needing people **D.** helping many people

 **32.** According to the passage, learning a second language can be difficult because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** you must have a "foreign accent" when you speak it **B.** you are surrounded by people speaking a different language

**C.** few of you are born with the ability to learn the language you hear **D.** you must memorize its words and learn its rules

 **33.** Which of the following is not TRUE according to the passage?

 **A.** It becomes more difficult to learn a new language when people grow older.

 **B.** Young children have considerable difficulty learning a new language.

 **C.** Babies seem to have an ability to learn the language they hear.

 **D.** People gradually lose the ability to learn the grammar and pronounce the sounds of a new language.

***III.******Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentences which is closest in meaning to the given one.***

 **34. If there isn't enough rain, the hydropower station can not operate**.

**A.**Unless there is enough rain, the hydropower station can't operate.

 **B.** Unless there isn't enough rain, the hydropower station can not operate.

 **C.** When there isn't enough rain, the hydropower station can operate.

 **D.** Unless there is enough rain, the hydropower station can operate.

 **35.** **Many people think Steve stole the money.**

 **A.** The money is thought to be stolen bySteve. **B.** Steve is thought to have stolen the money.

 **C.** It was not Steve who stole the money. **D.** Many people think the money is stolen by Steve.

 **36. I don't know her phone number, so I can't call her.**

**A.** You didn't give me her phone number, and I didn't call her. **B.** I'll look up her phone number and I call her.

**C.** I haven't called her although I know her number. **D.** If I knew her phone number, I'd call her.

 **37. Someone cleaned the floor yesterday.**

 **A.** Yesterday, the floor cleaned. **B.** Yesterday cleaned the floor.

 **C.** The floor was yesterday cleaned. **D.** The floor was cleaned yesterday.

 **38.** **He got lost because he didn't take the city map.**

 **A.** If he took the city map, he wouldn't get lost. **B.** If he took the city map, he wouldn't have got lost.

 **C.** If he takes the city map, he won't get lost. **D.** If he had taken the city map, he wouldn't have got lost.

**IV.** ***Choose the word whose stress - pattern is different from the others:***

 **39.** **A.** parallel **B.** achievement **C.** environment **D.** alternative

 **40.** **A.** politics **B.** electric **C.** historic **D.** specific

**V.** ***Read the passage, and then choose the correct answer:***

The GCSE examinations (41)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the standard school-leaver qualifications taken by virtually all UK students in the May and June following their 16th birthday. If you come to a UK independent school before you (42)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the age of 16, you will study towards GCSE examinations in up to 12 subjects. Some subjects are compulsory, including English and mathematics, and you can select (43)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ , such as music, drama, geography and history from a series of options. GCSEs provide a good all-round education that you can build on at college and eventually at university.

AS- and A-levels are taken after GCSEs. They are the UK qualifications most (44)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ accepted for entry to university and are available in subjects from the humanities, arts, sciences and social sciences as well as in (45)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ subjects such as engineering, and leisure and tourism. You can study up to four subjects at the same time for two years.

 **41.** **A.** are **B.** were **C.** was **D.** is

 **42.** **A.** come **B.** approach **C.** go **D.** reach

 **43.** **A.** each other **B.** another **C.** other **D.** others

 **44.** **A.** widen **B.** wide **C.** widely **D.** width

 **45.** **A.** physical **B.** practical **C.** vocational **D.** apprentice

**VI.** ***Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others:***

 **46.** **A.** academic **B.** independent **C.** educate **D.** express

 **47.** **A.** identity **B.** apply **C.** early **D.** university

**VII.** ***Choose the underlined part that needs correcting***

 **48.** What would happen if there was no water?

 A B C D

 **49.** If you hadn't left the car unlocked, it wouldn't have be stolen.

 A B C D

 **50.** It is very importance for me to send my application form to this company.

 A B C D

 **Trung Gia** High School **THE 2nd WRITTEN TEST ( Grade 12)**

School Year: 2017- 2018 Time: 45 minutes

|  |
| --- |
| **Mã đề: 186** |

***I.******Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentences which is closest in meaning to the given one.***

 **1. I don't know her phone number, so I can't call her.**

 **A.** You didn't give me her phone number, and I didn't call her. **B.** I'll look up her phone number and I call her.

 **C.** If I knew her phone number, I'd call her. **D.** I haven't called her although I know her number.

 **2. If there isn't enough rain, the hydropower station can not operate**.

**A.** Unless there isn't enough rain, the hydropower station can not operate.

 **B.**Unless there is enough rain, the hydropower station can't operate.

 **C.** When there isn't enough rain, the hydropower station can operate.

 **D.** Unless there is enough rain, the hydropower station can operate.

 **3. Many people think Steve stole the money.**

 **A.** The money is thought to be stolen bySteve. **B.** Many people think the money is stolen by Steve.

 **C.** It was not Steve who stole the money. **D.** Steve is thought to have stolen the money.

 **4. He got lost because he didn't take the city map.**

 **A.** If he takes the city map, he won't get lost. **B.** If he took the city map, he wouldn't have got lost.

 **C.** If he took the city map, he wouldn't get lost. **D.** If he had taken the city map, he wouldn't have got lost.

 **5. Someone cleaned the floor yesterday.**

 **A.** The floor was yesterday cleaned. **B.** Yesterday, the floor cleaned.

 **C.** The floor was cleaned yesterday. **D.** Yesterday cleaned the floor.

**II.** ***Choose the best answer:***

 **6.** These are requirements \_\_ those who want to become a pharmacist. **A.** for **B.** about **C.** on **D.** in

 **7.** Bicycles \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the driveway.

 **A.** must not left **B.** must not be leaving **C.** must not have left **D.** must not be left

 **8.** " What a lovely hat you have " - " Thanks. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_"

 **A.** certainly **B.** I don't care **C.** I'm glad you like it **D.** that's OK

 **9.** Military is\_\_\_\_\_ in this country. Every man who reaches the age of 18 has to serve in the army for two years.

 **A.** unnecessary **B.** optional **C.** compulsory **D.** illegal

 **10.** It\_\_\_ that the strike will end soon. **A.** are expected **B.** is expected **C.** was expected **D.** expected

 **11.** These students are wondering what university they should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for. **A.** apply **B.** ask **C.** go **D.** attend

 **12.** The X-ray \_\_\_\_\_in 1895. **A.** said to discover **B.** said to have been discovered

 **C.** is said to have been discovered **D.** is said to be discovered

 **13.** My children had many photographs\_\_\_\_ while we were on our vacation. **A.** take **B.** taking **C.** taken **D.** took

 **14.** I'll get Minh \_\_\_\_\_ do this for you. **A.** do **B.** did **C.** done **D.** to do

 **15.** In Vietnam, a stage of study for children aged from 11 to 17 is called\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** Secondary Education **B.** Primary Education **C.** Higher Education **D.** Pre-school

 **16.** In a school year in Vietnam, there are two **terms** called the first term and the second term.

 **A.** infants **B.** semester **C.** system **D.** semesters

 **17.** Last night a tornado swept through Rockvill. It \_\_\_\_\_\_everything in its path.

 **A.** destroyed **B.** had been destroyed **C.** was being destroyed **D.** was destroyed

 **18.** The room \_\_\_\_\_ at the moment. **A.** is cleaned **B.** is cleaning **C.** was being cleaned. **D.** is being cleaned

 **19.** John: " I've passed my final exam" - Tom : "\_\_\_\_\_\_\_"

 **A.** Good luck. **B.** That's a good idea. **C.** It's nice of you to say so. **D.** Congratulations!

 **20.** If you \_\_\_\_\_as I told you, you \_\_\_ sorry now.

 **A.** had done-would not be **B.** had done- would not have been **C.** did-would not be **D.** do-would not be

 **21.** \_\_\_\_ resigned, we would have been forced to sack him.

 **A.** Hadn't he **B.** He had not **C.** Had he not **D.** He not had

 **22.** He owed his success not to privilege but to self-education and a driving desire for \_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** achievable **B.** achievement **C.** achiever **D.** achieve

 **23.** If your brother\_\_\_ , he would come. **A.** were invited **B.** invited **C.** were inviting **D.** invite

 **24.** If you \_\_\_\_\_\_ to my advice in the first place, you\_\_\_\_\_\_ in this mess right now.

 **A.** listen/ won't be **B.** had listened/ wouldn't have been **C.** listened/ wouldn't be **D.** had listened/ wouldn't be

 **25.** If I\_\_\_\_\_\_, I would express my feelings. **A.** were asked **B.** asked **C.** would ask **D.** had been asked

 **26.** His car needs \_\_\_\_ **A. to** fix **B.** fixing **C.** to be fixing **D.** fixed

 **27.** George\_\_\_\_\_\_\_another trip to Greece.

 **A.** said to be planned **B.** is said to be planned **C.** is said to be planning **D.** said to be planning

 **28.** Universities send letters of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to successful candidates by post.

 **A.** announcement **B.** acceptance **C.** reply **D.** agreement

 **29.** If he \_\_\_\_ me, I'll be ready to help him. **A.** to ask **B.** ask **C.** will ask **D.** asks

 **30.** Some funny \_\_\_\_\_in class yesterday. **A.** is happened **B.** happened **C.** was happened **D.** happens

 **31.** You can meet Mr. Pike, who is \_\_\_ behalf \_\_\_ the university to solve the problems of foreign students.

 **A.** on / of **B.** with / at **C.** for / at **D.** in / for

 **32.** My mother is going \_\_\_this house. **A.** to sold **B.** to sell **C.** to be sold **D.** sell

 **33.** The two prisoners are reported \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from the prison last night.

 **A.** to have been escaped **B.** to escape **C.** to have escaped **D.** to be escaping

**III.** ***Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others:***

 **34.** **A.** early **B.** apply **C.** identity **D.** university

 **35.** **A.** educate **B.** independent **C.** express **D.** academic

**IV.** ***Choose the word whose stress - pattern is different from the others:***

 **36.** **A.** electric **B.** politics **C.** historic **D.** specific

 **37.** **A.** environment **B.** achievement **C.** alternative **D.** parallel

**V.** ***Choose the underlined part that needs correcting***

 **38.** What would happen if there was no water?

 A B C D

 **39.** If you hadn't left the car unlocked, it wouldn't have be stolen.

 A B C D

 **40.** It is very importance for me to send my application form to this company.

 A B C D

**VI.** ***Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer***

**HOW WE LEARN A LANGUAGE**

The first language you learn to speak is called your native language. As a baby, you listened to your parents or other people speaking and then imitated the sounds you heard. Babies seem to be born with an ability to learn the language they hear.

 Native speakers learn as children to use the right words and arrange **them** in the right order without even thinking about it. If English is your native language, you know automatically that "I going bed" is wrong, but "I'm going to bed" is right.

 If you learn a second language, you have to memorize its words and learn its rules. That's why learning a second language can be difficult.

Young children can learn a new language very easily. If they are **surrounded by people** speaking a different language, they soon learn to speak it as well as their native language.

But as people grow older, it becomes more difficult to learn new languages. People gradually lose the ability to learn the grammar and pronounce the sounds of another language. People who learn a new language as adults usually have a "foreign accent" when they speak it.

 **41.** The word "**them**" in paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** children **B.** native speakers **C.** right words **D.** babies

 **42.** The phrase "**surrounded by people**" in paragraph 4 mostly means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** needing people **B.** helping many people **C.** having people around **D.** attracting a lot of people

 **43.** According to the passage, learning a second language can be difficult because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** you must have a "foreign accent" when you speak it

 **B.** few of you are born with the ability to learn the language you hear

 **C.** you must memorize its words and learn its rules

 **D.** you are surrounded by people speaking a different language

 **44.** According to the passage, a native language is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** a language you learn to speak as an adult **B.** a new different language you learn to speak

 **C.** the language you speak with a "foreign accent" **D.** the first language you learn to speak

 **45.** Which of the following is not TRUE according to the passage?

 **A.** Young children have considerable difficulty learning a new language.

 **B.** People gradually lose the ability to learn the grammar and pronounce the sounds of a new language.

 **C.** It becomes more difficult to learn a new language when people grow older.

 **D.** Babies seem to have an ability to learn the language they hear.

**VII.** ***Read the passage, and then choose the correct answer:***

The GCSE examinations (46)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the standard school-leaver qualifications taken by virtually all UK students in the May and June following their 16th birthday. If you come to a UK independent school before you (47)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the age of 16, you will study towards GCSE examinations in up to 12 subjects. Some subjects are compulsory, including English and mathematics, and you can select (48)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ , such as music, drama, geography and history from a series of options. GCSEs provide a good all-round education that you can build on at college and eventually at university.

AS- and A-levels are taken after GCSEs. They are the UK qualifications most (49)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ accepted for entry to university and are available in subjects from the humanities, arts, sciences and social sciences as well as in (50)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ subjects such as engineering, and leisure and tourism. You can study up to four subjects at the same time for two years.

 **46.** **A.** was **B.** is **C.** were **D.** are

 **47.** **A.** reach **B.** approach **C.** go **D.** come

 **48.** **A.** others **B.** each other **C.** other **D.** another

 **49.** **A.** widen **B.** widely **C.** wide **D.** width

 **50.** **A.** apprentice **B.** practical **C.** vocational **D.** physical

 **Trung Gia** High School **THE 2nd WRITTEN TEST ( Grade 12)**

 School Year: 2017- 2018 Time: 45 minutes

|  |
| --- |
| **Mã đề: 220** |

**I.** ***Choose the best answer:***

 **1.** George\_\_\_\_\_\_\_another trip to Greece.

 **A.** said to be planning **B.** is said to be planning **C.** said to be planned **D.** is said to be planned

 **2.** If you \_\_\_\_\_\_ to my advice in the first place, you\_\_\_\_\_\_ in this mess right now.

 **A.** had listened/ wouldn't be **B.** had listened/ wouldn't have been **C.** listen/ won't be **D.** listened/ wouldn't be

 **3.** Some funny \_\_\_\_\_in class yesterday. **A.** is happened **B.** was happened **C.** happens **D.** happened

 **4.** His car needs \_\_\_\_ **A.** fixing **B.** to be fixing **C.** to fix **D.** fixed

 **5.** Universities send letters of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to successful candidates by post.

 **A.** reply **B.** acceptance **C.** announcement **D.** agreement

 **6.** He owed his success not to privilege but to self-education and a driving desire for \_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** achiever **B.** achievement **C.** achievable **D.** achieve

 **7.** Bicycles \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the driveway.

 **A.** must not have left **B.** must not be leaving **C.** must not be left **D.** must not left

 **8.** I'll get Minh \_\_\_\_\_ do this for you. **A.** do **B.** to do **C.** done **D.** did

 **9.** These students are wondering what university they should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for. **A.** go **B.** ask **C.** attend **D.** apply

 **10.** In a school year in Vietnam, there are two **terms** called the first term and the second term.

 **A.** infants **B.** semester **C.** system **D.** semesters

 **11.** You can meet Mr. Pike, who is \_\_\_ behalf \_\_\_ the university to solve the problems of foreign students.

 **A.** with / at **B.** in / for **C.** for / at **D.** on / of

 **12.** If he \_\_\_\_ me, I'll be ready to help him. **A.** will ask **B.** ask **C.** asks **D.** to ask

 **13.** The X-ray \_\_\_\_\_in 1895. **A.** is said to be discovered **B.** is said to have been discovered

 **C.** said to discover **D.** said to have been discovered

 **14.** John: " I've passed my final exam" - Tom : "\_\_\_\_\_\_\_"

 **A.** That's a good idea. **B.** Good luck. **C.** Congratulations! **D.** It's nice of you to say so.

 **15.** The two prisoners are reported \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from the prison last night.

 **A.** to have been escaped **B.** to have escaped **C.** to escape **D.** to be escaping

**16.** If your brother\_\_\_ , he would come. **A.** invite **B.** were invited **C.** were inviting **D.** invited

 **17.** In Vietnam, a stage of study for children aged from 11 to 17 is called\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** Higher Education **B.** Pre-school **C.** Secondary Education **D.** Primary Education

 **18.** " What a lovely hat you have " - " Thanks. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_"

 **A.** certainly **B.** I don't care **C.** that's OK **D.** I'm glad you like it

 **19.** My children had many photographs\_\_\_\_ while we were on our vacation. **A.** taking **B.** taken **C.** took **D.** take

 **20.** These are requirements \_\_ those who want to become a pharmacist. **A.** for **B.** on **C.** in **D.** about

 **21.** It\_\_\_ that the strike will end soon. **A.** are expected **B.** expected **C.** was expected **D.** is expected

 **22.** My mother is going \_\_\_this house. **A.** to sell **B.** to sold **C.** to be sold **D.** sell

 **23.** If you \_\_\_\_\_as I told you, you \_\_\_ sorry now.

 **A.** did-would not be **B.** do-would not be **C.** had done-would not be **D.** had done- would not have been

 **24.** Last night a tornado swept through Rockvill. It \_\_\_\_\_\_everything in its path.

 **A.** destroyed **B.** was being destroyed **C.** had been destroyed **D.** was destroyed

 **25.** Military is\_\_\_\_\_ in this country. Every man who reaches the age of 18 has to serve in the army for two years.

 **A.**  illegal **B.** optional **C.** compulsory **D.** unnecessary

 **26.** The room \_\_\_\_\_ at the moment. **A.** is cleaning **B.** is being cleaned **C.** is cleaned **D.** was being cleaned.

 **27.** If I\_\_\_\_\_\_, I would express my feelings. **A.** asked **B.** were asked **C.** had been asked **D.** would ask

 **28.** \_\_\_\_ resigned, we would have been forced to sack him.

 **A.** Hadn't he **B.** He had not **C.** He not had **D.** Had he not

**II.** ***Choose the underlined part that needs correcting***

 **29.** What would happen if there was no water?

 A B C D

 **30.** If you hadn't left the car unlocked, it wouldn't have be stolen.

 A B C D

 **31.** It is very importance for me to send my application form to this company.

 A B C D

**III.** ***Choose the word whose stress - pattern is different from the others:***

 **32.** **A.** achievement **B.** environment **C.** parallel **D.** alternative

 **33.** **A.** electric **B.** politics **C.** historic **D.** specific

**IV.** ***Read the passage, and then choose the correct answer:***

The GCSE examinations (34)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the standard school-leaver qualifications taken by virtually all UK students in the May and June following their 16th birthday. If you come to a UK independent school before you (35)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the age of 16, you will study towards GCSE examinations in up to 12 subjects. Some subjects are compulsory, including English and mathematics, and you can select (36)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ , such as music, drama, geography and history from a series of options. GCSEs provide a good all-round education that you can build on at college and eventually at university.

AS- and A-levels are taken after GCSEs. They are the UK qualifications most (37)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ accepted for entry to university and are available in subjects from the humanities, arts, sciences and social sciences as well as in (38)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ subjects such as engineering, and leisure and tourism. You can study up to four subjects at the same time for two years.

 **34.** **A.** were **B.** is **C.** are **D.** was

 **35.** **A.** approach **B.** go **C.** come **D.** reach

 **36.** **A.** others **B.** each other **C.** another **D.** other

 **37.** **A.** widen **B.** wide **C.** width **D.** widely

 **38.** **A.** practical **B.** apprentice **C.** vocational **D.** physical

**V.** ***Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer***

**HOW WE LEARN A LANGUAGE**

The first language you learn to speak is called your native language. As a baby, you listened to your parents or other people speaking and then imitated the sounds you heard. Babies seem to be born with an ability to learn the language they hear.

 Native speakers learn as children to use the right words and arrange **them** in the right order without even thinking about it. If English is your native language, you know automatically that "I going bed" is wrong, but "I'm going to bed" is right.

 If you learn a second language, you have to memorize its words and learn its rules. That's why learning a second language can be difficult.

Young children can learn a new language very easily. If they are **surrounded by people** speaking a different language, they soon learn to speak it as well as their native language.

But as people grow older, it becomes more difficult to learn new languages. People gradually lose the ability to learn the grammar and pronounce the sounds of another language. People who learn a new language as adults usually have a "foreign accent" when they speak it.

 **39.** According to the passage, learning a second language can be difficult because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** you are surrounded by people speaking a different language

 **B.** you must memorize its words and learn its rules

 **C.** few of you are born with the ability to learn the language you hear

 **D.** you must have a "foreign accent" when you speak it

 **40.** The phrase "**surrounded by people**" in paragraph 4 mostly means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** having people around **B.** attracting a lot of people **C.** helping many people **D.** needing people

 **41.** According to the passage, a native language is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** the first language you learn to speak **B.** a new different language you learn to speak

 **C.** a language you learn to speak as an adult **D.** the language you speak with a "foreign accent"

 **42.** The word "**them**" in paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** native speakers **B.** babies **C.** right words **D.** children

 **43.** Which of the following is not TRUE according to the passage?

 **A.** It becomes more difficult to learn a new language when people grow older.

 **B.** People gradually lose the ability to learn the grammar and pronounce the sounds of a new language.

 **C.** Babies seem to have an ability to learn the language they hear.

 **D.** Young children have considerable difficulty learning a new language.

***VI.******Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentences which is closest in meaning to the given one.***

 **44. Someone cleaned the floor yesterday.**

 **A.** Yesterday cleaned the floor. **B.** Yesterday, the floor cleaned.

 **C.** The floor was cleaned yesterday. **D.** The floor was yesterday cleaned.

 **45. If there isn't enough rain, the hydropower station can not operate**.

**A.**Unless there is enough rain, the hydropower station can't operate.

 **B.** When there isn't enough rain, the hydropower station can operate.

 **C.** Unless there isn't enough rain, the hydropower station can not operate.

 **D.** Unless there is enough rain, the hydropower station can operate.

 **46. Many people think Steve stole the money.**

 **A.** Steve is thought to have stolen the money. **B.** It was not Steve who stole the money.

 **C.** Many people think the money is stolen by Steve. **D.** The money is thought to be stolen bySteve.

 **47. He got lost because he didn't take the city map.**

 **A.** If he had taken the city map, he wouldn't have got lost. **B.** If he takes the city map, he won't get lost.

 **C.** If he took the city map, he wouldn't have got lost. **D.** If he took the city map, he wouldn't get lost.

 **48. I don't know her phone number, so I can't call her.**

 **A.** I'll look up her phone number and I call her. **B.** If I knew her phone number, I'd call her.

 **C.** You didn't give me her phone number, and I didn't call her. **D.** I haven't called her although I know her number.

**VII.** ***Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others:***

 **49.** **A.** university **B.** early **C.** identity **D.** apply

 **50.** **A.** express **B.** academic **C.** independent **D.** educate

  **Trung Gia** High School **THE 2nd WRITTEN TEST ( Grade 12)**

 School Year: 2017- 2018 Time: 45 minutes

|  |
| --- |
| **Mã đề: 254** |

**I.** ***Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer***

**HOW WE LEARN A LANGUAGE**

The first language you learn to speak is called your native language. As a baby, you listened to your parents or other people speaking and then imitated the sounds you heard. Babies seem to be born with an ability to learn the language they hear.

 Native speakers learn as children to use the right words and arrange **them** in the right order without even thinking about it. If English is your native language, you know automatically that "I going bed" is wrong, but "I'm going to bed" is right.

 If you learn a second language, you have to memorize its words and learn its rules. That's why learning a second language can be difficult.

Young children can learn a new language very easily. If they are **surrounded by people** speaking a different language, they soon learn to speak it as well as their native language.

But as people grow older, it becomes more difficult to learn new languages. People gradually lose the ability to learn the grammar and pronounce the sounds of another language. People who learn a new language as adults usually have a "foreign accent" when they speak it.

 **1.** According to the passage, a native language is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** the first language you learn to speak **B.** a language you learn to speak as an adult

 **C.** a new different language you learn to speak **D.** the language you speak with a "foreign accent"

 **2.** The word "**them**" in paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** right words **B.** children **C.** babies **D.** native speakers

 **3.** According to the passage, learning a second language can be difficult because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** few of you are born with the ability to learn the language you hear

 **B.** you must memorize its words and learn its rules

 **C.** you are surrounded by people speaking a different language

 **D.** you must have a "foreign accent" when you speak it

 **4.** Which of the following is not TRUE according to the passage?

 **A.** Babies seem to have an ability to learn the language they hear.

 **B.** People gradually lose the ability to learn the grammar and pronounce the sounds of a new language.

 **C.** Young children have considerable difficulty learning a new language.

 **D.** It becomes more difficult to learn a new language when people grow older.

 **5.** The phrase "**surrounded by people**" in paragraph 4 mostly means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** needing people **B.** having people around **C.** attracting a lot of people **D.** helping many people

**II.** ***Choose the underlined part that needs correcting***

 **6.** If you hadn't left the car unlocked, it wouldn't have be stolen.

 A B C D

 **7.** It is very importance for me to send my application form to this company.

 A B C D

 **8.** What would happen if there was no water?

 A B C D

**III.** ***Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others:***

 **9.** **A.** independent **B.** educate **C.** express **D.** academic

 **10.** **A.** university **B.** identity **C.** early **D.** apply

**IV.** ***Choose the word whose stress - pattern is different from the others:***

 **11.** **A.** achievement **B.** alternative **C.** parallel **D.** environment

 **12.** **A.** specific **B.** electric **C.** historic **D.** politics

**V.** ***Choose the best answer:***

 **13.** It\_\_\_ that the strike will end soon. **A.** was expected **B.** expected **C.** are expected **D.** is expected

 **14.** If your brother\_\_\_ , he would come. **A.** were invited **B.** were inviting **C.** invite **D.** invited

 **15.** These are requirements \_\_ those who want to become a pharmacist. **A.** on **B.** for **C.** about **D.** in

 **16.** " What a lovely hat you have " - " Thanks. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_"

 **A.** I don't care **B.** I'm glad you like it **C.** that's OK **D.** certainly

 **17.** In Vietnam, a stage of study for children aged from 11 to 17 is called\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** Higher Education **B.** Pre-school **C.** Primary Education **D.** Secondary Education

 **18.** If you \_\_\_\_\_as I told you, you \_\_\_ sorry now.

 **A.** had done-would not be **B.** had done- would not have been **C.** did-would not be **D.** do-would not be

 **19.** In a school year in Vietnam, there are two **terms** called the first term and the second term.

 **A.** infants **B.** semesters **C.** system **D.** semester

 **20.** If I\_\_\_\_\_\_, I would express my feelings. **A.** asked **B.** had been asked **C.** would ask **D.** were asked

 **21.** Universities send letters of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to successful candidates by post.

 **A.** announcement **B.** reply **C.** agreement **D.** acceptance

 **22.** Some funny \_\_\_\_\_in class yesterday. **A.** happened **B.** was happened **C.** happens **D.** is happened

 **23.** My children had many photographs\_\_\_\_ while we were on our vacation. **A.** take **B.** taking **C.** taken **D.** took

 **24.** My mother is going \_\_\_this house. **A.** to be sold **B.** to sold **C.** sell **D.** to sell

 **25.** Last night a tornado swept through Rockvill. It \_\_\_\_\_\_everything in its path.

 **A.** destroyed **B.** was destroyed **C.** had been destroyed **D.** was being destroyed

 **26.** \_\_\_\_ resigned, we would have been forced to sack him.

 **A.** Had he not **B.** He had not **C.** He not had **D.** Hadn't he

 **27.** John: " I've passed my final exam" - Tom : "\_\_\_\_\_\_\_"

 **A.** It's nice of you to say so. **B.** That's a good idea. **C.** Congratulations! **D.** Good luck.

 **28.** The X-ray \_\_\_\_\_in 1895. **A.** said to have been discovered **B.** is said to have been discovered

 **C.** is said to be discovered **D.** said to discover

 **29.** His car needs \_\_\_\_ **A.** to fix **B.** fixed **C.** to be fixing **D.** fixing

 **30.** George\_\_\_\_\_\_\_another trip to Greece.

 **A.** said to be planned **B.** said to be planning **C.** is said to be planning **D.** is said to be planned

 **31.** If he \_\_\_\_ me, I'll be ready to help him. **A.** asks **B.** ask **C.** will ask **D.** to ask

 **32.** The room \_\_\_\_\_ at the moment. **A.** is cleaning **B.** is being cleaned **C.** is cleaned **D.** was being cleaned.

 **33.** Bicycles \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the driveway.

 **A.** must not have left **B.** must not be left **C.** must not left **D.** must not be leaving

 **34.** Military is\_\_\_\_\_ in this country. Every man who reaches the age of 18 has to serve in the army for two years.

 **A.** unnecessary **B.** optional **C.** compulsory **D.** illegal

 **35.** He owed his success not to privilege but to self-education and a driving desire for \_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** achieve **B.** achievable **C.** achiever **D.** achievement

 **36.** You can meet Mr. Pike, who is \_\_\_ behalf \_\_\_ the university to solve the problems of foreign students.

 **A.** with / at **B.** on / of **C.** for / at **D.** in / for

 **37.** The two prisoners are reported \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from the prison last night.

 **A.** to have escaped **B.** to escape **C.** to have been escaped **D.** to be escaping

**38.** If you \_\_\_\_\_\_ to my advice in the first place, you\_\_\_\_\_\_ in this mess right now.

 **A.** had listened/ wouldn't have been **B.** listen/ won't be

 **C.** had listened/ wouldn't be **D.** listened/ wouldn't be

 **39.** I'll get Minh \_\_\_\_\_ do this for you. **A.** done **B.** did **C.** to do **D.** do

 **40.** These students are wondering what university they should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for. **A.** go **B.** apply **C.** attend **D.** ask

***VI.******Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentences which is closest in meaning to the given one.***

 **41. Someone cleaned the floor yesterday.**

 **A.** Yesterday cleaned the floor. **B.** Yesterday, the floor cleaned.

 **C.** The floor was yesterday cleaned. **D.** The floor was cleaned yesterday.

 **42. I don't know her phone number, so I can't call her.**

 **A.** You didn't give me her phone number, and I didn't call her. **B.** I haven't called her although I know her number.

 **C.** I'll look up her phone number and I call her. **D.** If I knew her phone number, I'd call her.

 **43. He got lost because he didn't take the city map.**

 **A.** If he had taken the city map, he wouldn't have got lost. **B.** If he takes the city map, he won't get lost.

 **C.** If he took the city map, he wouldn't get lost. **D.** If he took the city map, he wouldn't have got lost.

 **44. If there isn't enough rain, the hydropower station can not operate**.

**A.** Unless there is enough rain, the hydropower station can operate.

 **B.** Unless there isn't enough rain, the hydropower station can not operate.

 **C.** When there isn't enough rain, the hydropower station can operate.

 **D.**Unless there is enough rain, the hydropower station can't operate.

 **45. Many people think Steve stole the money.**

 **A.** The money is thought to be stolen bySteve. **B.** Steve is thought to have stolen the money.

 **C.** Many people think the money is stolen by Steve. **D.** It was not Steve who stole the money.

**VII.** ***Read the passage, and then choose the correct answer:***

The GCSE examinations (46)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the standard school-leaver qualifications taken by virtually all UK students in the May and June following their 16th birthday. If you come to a UK independent school before you (47)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the age of 16, you will study towards GCSE examinations in up to 12 subjects. Some subjects are compulsory, including English and mathematics, and you can select (48)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ , such as music, drama, geography and history from a series of options. GCSEs provide a good all-round education that you can build on at college and eventually at university.

AS- and A-levels are taken after GCSEs. They are the UK qualifications most (49)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ accepted for entry to university and are available in subjects from the humanities, arts, sciences and social sciences as well as in (50)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ subjects such as engineering, and leisure and tourism. You can study up to four subjects at the same time for two years.

 **46.** **A.** are **B.** was **C.** is **D.** were

 **47.** **A.** approach **B.** come **C.** reach **D.** go

 **48.** **A.** other **B.** each other **C.** others **D.** another

 **49.** **A.** wide **B.** width **C.** widely **D.** widen

 **50.** **A.** physical **B.** apprentice **C.** practical **D.** vocational

  **Trung Gia** High School **THE 2nd WRITTEN TEST ( Grade 12)**

 School Year: 2017- 2018 Time: 45 minutes

|  |
| --- |
| **Mã đề: 288** |

**I.** ***Choose the best answer:***

 **1.** \_\_\_\_ resigned, we would have been forced to sack him.

 **A.** He had not **B.** Hadn't he **C.** Had he not **D.** He not had

 **2.** These students are wondering what university they should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for. **A.** attend **B.** go **C.** ask **D.** apply

 **3.** George\_\_\_\_\_\_\_another trip to Greece.

 **A.** is said to be planning **B.** said to be planned **C.** is said to be planned **D.** said to be planning

 **4.** Bicycles \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the driveway.

 **A.** must not left **B.** must not have left **C.** must not be left **D.** must not be leaving

 **5.** John: " I've passed my final exam" - Tom : "\_\_\_\_\_\_\_"

 **A.** Congratulations! **B.** Good luck. **C.** That's a good idea. **D.** It's nice of you to say so.

 **6.** I'll get Minh \_\_\_\_\_ do this for you. **A.** do **B.** done **C.** to do **D.** did

 **7.** If he \_\_\_\_ me, I'll be ready to help him. **A.** asks **B.** will ask **C.** to ask **D.** ask

 **8.** Universities send letters of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to successful candidates by post.

 **A.** acceptance **B.** reply **C.** agreement **D.** announcement

 **9.** " What a lovely hat you have " - " Thanks. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_"

 **A.** that's OK **B.** I'm glad you like it **C.** certainly **D.** I don't care

 **10.** If you \_\_\_\_\_as I told you, you \_\_\_ sorry now.

 **A.** had done- would not have been **B.** had done-would not be **C.** do-would not be **D.** did-would not be

 **11.** His car needs \_\_\_\_ **A.** to be fixing **B.** to fix **C.** fixed **D.** fixing

 **12.** He owed his success not to privilege but to self-education and a driving desire for \_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** achiever **B.** achievement **C.** achievable **D.** achieve

 **13.** The room \_\_\_\_\_ at the moment. **A.** was being cleaned. **B.** is being cleaned **C.** is cleaned **D.** is cleaning

 **14.** The two prisoners are reported \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from the prison last night.

 **A.** to have been escaped **B.** to escape **C.** to have escaped **D.** to be escaping

 **15.** Some funny \_\_\_\_\_in class yesterday. **A.** was happened **B.** is happened **C.** happened **D.** happens

 **16.** In a school year in Vietnam, there are two **terms** called the first term and the second term.

 **A.** infants **B.** semesters **C.** system **D.** semester

 **17.** Military is\_\_\_\_\_ in this country. Every man who reaches the age of 18 has to serve in the army for two years.

 **A.** optional **B.** unnecessary **C.** illegal **D.** compulsory

 **18.** These are requirements \_\_ those who want to become a pharmacist. **A.** about **B.** in **C.** for **D.** on

 **19.** The X-ray \_\_\_\_\_in 1895. **A.** said to discover **B.** said to have been discovered

 **C.** is said to have been discovered **D.** is said to be discovered

 **20.** If you \_\_\_\_\_\_ to my advice in the first place, you\_\_\_\_\_\_ in this mess right now.

 **A.** had listened/ wouldn't have been **B.** had listened/ wouldn't be

 **C.** listen/ won't be **D.** listened/ wouldn't be

 **21.** Last night a tornado swept through Rockvill. It \_\_\_\_\_\_everything in its path.

 **A.** destroyed **B.** was being destroyed **C.** was destroyed **D.** had been destroyed

 **22.** If I\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, I would express my feelings. **A.** asked **B.** were asked **C.** would ask **D.** had been asked

 **23.** In Vietnam, a stage of study for children aged from 11 to 17 is called\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** Pre-school **B.** Primary Education **C.** Higher Education **D.** Secondary Education

 **24.** If your brother\_\_\_ , he would come. **A.** invited **B.** invite **C.** were inviting **D.** were invited

 **25.** My children had many photographs\_\_\_\_ while we were on our vacation. **A.** taking **B.** take **C.** took **D.** taken

 **26.** You can meet Mr. Pike, who is \_\_\_ behalf \_\_\_ the university to solve the problems of foreign students.

 **A.** in / for **B.** on / of **C.** for / at **D.** with / at

 **27.** It\_\_\_ that the strike will end soon. **A.** was expected **B.** expected **C.** is expected **D.** are expected

 **28.** My mother is going \_\_\_this house. **A.** to sell **B.** to sold **C.** to be sold **D.** sell

**II.** ***Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer***

**HOW WE LEARN A LANGUAGE**

The first language you learn to speak is called your native language. As a baby, you listened to your parents or other people speaking and then imitated the sounds you heard. Babies seem to be born with an ability to learn the language they hear.

 Native speakers learn as children to use the right words and arrange **them** in the right order without even thinking about it. If English is your native language, you know automatically that "I going bed" is wrong, but "I'm going to bed" is right.

 If you learn a second language, you have to memorize its words and learn its rules. That's why learning a second language can be difficult.

Young children can learn a new language very easily. If they are **surrounded by people** speaking a different language, they soon learn to speak it as well as their native language.

But as people grow older, it becomes more difficult to learn new languages. People gradually lose the ability to learn the grammar and pronounce the sounds of another language. People who learn a new language as adults usually have a "foreign accent" when they speak it.

 **29.** The phrase "**surrounded by people**" in paragraph 4 mostly means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** having people around **B.** helping many people **C.** attracting a lot of people **D.** needing people

 **30.** According to the passage, learning a second language can be difficult because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** you are surrounded by people speaking a different language

 **B.** few of you are born with the ability to learn the language you hear

 **C.** you must have a "foreign accent" when you speak it

 **D.** you must memorize its words and learn its rules

 **31.** Which of the following is not TRUE according to the passage?

 **A.** People gradually lose the ability to learn the grammar and pronounce the sounds of a new language.

 **B.** Young children have considerable difficulty learning a new language.

 **C.** It becomes more difficult to learn a new language when people grow older.

 **D.** Babies seem to have an ability to learn the language they hear.

 **32.** According to the passage, a native language is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** the language you speak with a "foreign accent" **B.** the first language you learn to speak

 **C.** a language you learn to speak as an adult **D.** a new different language you learn to speak

 **33.** The word "**them**" in paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** children **B.** right words **C.** babies **D.** native speakers

**III.** ***Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others:***

 **34.** **A.** apply **B.** early **C.** university **D.** identity

 **35.** **A.** academic **B.** independent **C.** express **D.** educate

**IV.** ***Choose the underlined part that needs correcting***

 **36.** What would happen if there was no water?

 A B C D

 **37.** It is very importance for me to send my application form to this company.

 A B C D

 **38.** If you hadn't left the car unlocked, it wouldn't have be stolen.

 A B C D

***V.******Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentences which is closest in meaning to the given one.***

 **39. He got lost because he didn't take the city map.**

 **A.** If he took the city map, he wouldn't get lost. **B.** If he took the city map, he wouldn't have got lost.

 **C.** If he takes the city map, he won't get lost. **D.** If he had taken the city map, he wouldn't have got lost.

 **40. Someone cleaned the floor yesterday.**

 **A.** The floor was cleaned yesterday. **B.** The floor was yesterday cleaned.

 **C.** Yesterday cleaned the floor. **D.** Yesterday, the floor cleaned.

 **41. Many people think Steve stole the money.**

 **A.** Steve is thought to have stolen the money. **B.** The money is thought to be stolen bySteve.

 **C.** It was not Steve who stole the money. **D.** Many people think the money is stolen by Steve.

 **42. If there isn't enough rain, the hydropower station can not operate**.

**A.** When there isn't enough rain, the hydropower station can operate.

 **B.** Unless there isn't enough rain, the hydropower station can not operate.

 **C.** Unless there is enough rain, the hydropower station can operate.

 **D.**Unless there is enough rain, the hydropower station can't operate.

 **43. I don't know her phone number, so I can't call her.**

 **A.** You didn't give me her phone number, and I didn't call her. **B.** I'll look up her phone number and I call her.

 **C.** I haven't called her although I know her number. **D.** If I knew her phone number, I'd call her.

**VI.** ***Read the passage, and then choose the correct answer:***

The GCSE examinations (44)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the standard school-leaver qualifications taken by virtually all UK students in the May and June following their 16th birthday. If you come to a UK independent school before you (45)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the age of 16, you will study towards GCSE examinations in up to 12 subjects. Some subjects are compulsory, including English and mathematics, and you can select (46)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ , such as music, drama, geography and history from a series of options. GCSEs provide a good all-round education that you can build on at college and eventually at university.

AS- and A-levels are taken after GCSEs. They are the UK qualifications most (47)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ accepted for entry to university and are available in subjects from the humanities, arts, sciences and social sciences as well as in (48)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ subjects such as engineering, and leisure and tourism. You can study up to four subjects at the same time for two years.

 **44.** **A.** is **B.** was **C.** were **D.** are

 **45.** **A.** come **B.** approach **C.** reach **D.** go

 **46.** **A.** others **B.** another **C.** each other **D.** other

 **47.** **A.** wide **B.** widely **C.** widen **D.** width

 **48.** **A.** apprentice **B.** physical **C.** practical **D.** vocational

**VII.** ***Choose the word whose stress - pattern is different from the others:***

 **49.** **A.** environment **B.** achievement **C.** parallel **D.** alternative

 **50.** **A.** electric **B.** historic **C.** politics **D.** specific

  **Trung Gia** High School **THE 2nd WRITTEN TEST ( Grade 12)**

 School Year: 2017- 2018 Time: 45 minutes

|  |
| --- |
| **Mã đề: 322** |

**I.** ***Choose the underlined part that needs correcting***

 **1.** If you hadn't left the car unlocked, it wouldn't have be stolen.

 A B C D

 **2.** It is very importance for me to send my application form to this company.

 A B C D

 **3.** What would happen if there was no water?

 A B C D

**II.** ***Choose the word whose stress - pattern is different from the others:***

 **4.** **A.** parallel **B.** environment **C.** achievement **D.** alternative

 **5.** **A.** specific **B.** historic **C.** politics **D.** electric

**III.** ***Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer***

**HOW WE LEARN A LANGUAGE**

The first language you learn to speak is called your native language. As a baby, you listened to your parents or other people speaking and then imitated the sounds you heard. Babies seem to be born with an ability to learn the language they hear.

 Native speakers learn as children to use the right words and arrange **them** in the right order without even thinking about it. If English is your native language, you know automatically that "I going bed" is wrong, but "I'm going to bed" is right.

 If you learn a second language, you have to memorize its words and learn its rules. That's why learning a second language can be difficult.

Young children can learn a new language very easily. If they are **surrounded by people** speaking a different language, they soon learn to speak it as well as their native language.

But as people grow older, it becomes more difficult to learn new languages. People gradually lose the ability to learn the grammar and pronounce the sounds of another language. People who learn a new language as adults usually have a "foreign accent" when they speak it.

 **6.** The word "**them**" in paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** children **B.** right words **C.** babies **D.** native speakers

 **7.** Which of the following is not TRUE according to the passage?

 **A.** Young children have considerable difficulty learning a new language.

 **B.** People gradually lose the ability to learn the grammar and pronounce the sounds of a new language.

 **C.** It becomes more difficult to learn a new language when people grow older.

 **D.** Babies seem to have an ability to learn the language they hear.

 **8.** According to the passage, learning a second language can be difficult because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** you must memorize its words and learn its rules

 **B.** you are surrounded by people speaking a different language

 **C.** you must have a "foreign accent" when you speak it

 **D.** few of you are born with the ability to learn the language you hear

 **9.** According to the passage, a native language is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** the first language you learn to speak **B.** a new different language you learn to speak

 **C.** the language you speak with a "foreign accent" **D.** a language you learn to speak as an adult

 **10.** The phrase "**surrounded by people**" in paragraph 4 mostly means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** attracting a lot of people **B.** having people around **C.** needing people **D.** helping many people

***IV.******Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentences which is closest in meaning to the given one.***

 **11. I don't know her phone number, so I can't call her.**

 **A.** You didn't give me her phone number, and I didn't call her. **B.** If I knew her phone number, I'd call her.

 **C.** I'll look up her phone number and I call her. **D.** I haven't called her although I know her number.

 **12. Many people think Steve stole the money.**

 **A.** The money is thought to be stolen bySteve. **B.** It was not Steve who stole the money.

 **C.** Many people think the money is stolen by Steve. **D.** Steve is thought to have stolen the money.

 **13. Someone cleaned the floor yesterday.**

 **A.** The floor was yesterday cleaned. **B.** The floor was cleaned yesterday.

 **C.** Yesterday cleaned the floor. **D.** Yesterday, the floor cleaned.

 **14. If there isn't enough rain, the hydropower station can not operate**.

**A.**Unless there is enough rain, the hydropower station can't operate.

 **B.** Unless there is enough rain, the hydropower station can operate.

 **C.** Unless there isn't enough rain, the hydropower station can not operate.

 **D.** When there isn't enough rain, the hydropower station can operate.

 **15. He got lost because he didn't take the city map.**

 **A.** If he had taken the city map, he wouldn't have got lost. **B.** If he took the city map, he wouldn't get lost.

 **C.** If he took the city map, he wouldn't have got lost. **D.** If he takes the city map, he won't get lost.

**V.** ***Read the passage, and then choose the correct answer:***

The GCSE examinations (16)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the standard school-leaver qualifications taken by virtually all UK students in the May and June following their 16th birthday. If you come to a UK independent school before you (17)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the age of 16, you will study towards GCSE examinations in up to 12 subjects. Some subjects are compulsory, including English and mathematics, and you can select (18)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ , such as music, drama, geography and history from a series of options. GCSEs provide a good all-round education that you can build on at college and eventually at university.

AS- and A-levels are taken after GCSEs. They are the UK qualifications most (19)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ accepted for entry to university and are available in subjects from the humanities, arts, sciences and social sciences as well as in (20)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ subjects such as engineering, and leisure and tourism. You can study up to four subjects at the same time for two years.

 **16.** **A.** are **B.** were **C.** was **D.** is

 **17.** **A.** come **B.** go **C.** reach **D.** approach

 **18.** **A.** each other **B.** another **C.** other **D.** others

 **19.** **A.** width **B.** wide **C.** widely **D.** widen

 **20.** **A.** apprentice **B.** vocational **C.** practical **D.** physical

**VI.** ***Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others:***

 **21.** **A.** early **B.** university **C.** apply **D.** identity

 **22.** **A.** academic **B.** express **C.** independent **D.** educate

**VII.** ***Choose the best answer:***

 **23.** In Vietnam, a stage of study for children aged from 11 to 17 is called\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** Pre-school **B.** Secondary Education **C.** Primary Education **D.** Higher Education

 **24.** If he \_\_\_\_ me, I'll be ready to help him. **A.** ask **B.** to ask **C.** will ask **D.** asks

 **25.** If your brother\_\_\_ , he would come. **A.** invited **B.** were inviting **C.** invite **D.** were invited

 **26.** " What a lovely hat you have " - " Thanks. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_"

 **A.** that's OK **B.** certainly **C.** I'm glad you like it **D.** I don't care

 **27.** My children had many photographs\_\_\_\_ while we were on our vacation. **A.** took **B.** taking **C.** taken **D.** take

 **28.** He owed his success not to privilege but to self-education and a driving desire for \_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** achievable **B.** achievement **C.** achieve **D.** achiever

 **29.** If you \_\_\_\_\_as I told you, you \_\_\_ sorry now.

 **A.** had done- would not have been **B.** did-would not be **C.** do-would not be **D.** had done-would not be

 **30.** His car needs \_\_\_\_ **A.** to fix **B.** to be fixing **C.** fixing **D.** fixed

 **31.** My mother is going \_\_\_this house. **A.** to be sold **B.** to sold **C.** sell **D.** to sell

 **32.** If I\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, I would express my feelings. **A.** had been asked **B.** were asked **C.** asked **D.** would ask

 **33.** These students are wondering what university they should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for. **A.** go **B.** attend **C.** apply **D.** ask

 **34.** \_\_\_\_ resigned, we would have been forced to sack him.

 **A.** Hadn't he **B.** He not had **C.** He had not **D.** Had he not

 **35.** I'll get Minh \_\_\_\_\_ do this for you. **A.** to do **B.** do **C.** done **D.** did

 **36.** Military is\_\_\_\_\_ in this country. Every man who reaches the age of 18 has to serve in the army for two years.

 **A.** unnecessary **B.** optional **C.** compulsory **D.** illegal

 **37.** The X-ray \_\_\_\_\_in 1895. **A.** is said to have been discovered **B.** said to discover

 **C.** said to have been discovered **D.** is said to be discovered

 **38.** Bicycles \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the driveway.

 **A.** must not left **B.** must not have left **C.** must not be leaving **D.** must not be left

 **39.** These are requirements \_\_ those who want to become a pharmacist. **A.** for **B.** about **C.** in **D.** on

 **40.** It\_\_\_ that the strike will end soon. **A.** was expected **B.** is expected **C.** are expected **D.** expected

 **41.** If you \_\_\_\_\_\_ to my advice in the first place, you\_\_\_\_\_\_ in this mess right now.

 **A.** had listened/ wouldn't have been **B.** listen/ won't be

 **C.** listened/ wouldn't be **D.** had listened/ wouldn't be

 **42.** The room \_\_\_\_\_ at the moment. **A.** is cleaned **B.** is being cleaned **C.** was being cleaned. **D.** is cleaning

 **43.** John :" I've passed my final exam" - Tom : "\_\_\_\_\_\_\_"

 **A.** Good luck. **B.** Congratulations! **C.** That's a good idea. **D.** It's nice of you to say so.

 **44.** Universities send letters of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to successful candidates by post.

 **A.** acceptance **B.** agreement **C.** reply **D.** announcement

 **45.** Last night a tornado swept through Rockvill. It \_\_\_\_\_\_everything in its path.

 **A.** was destroyed **B.** destroyed **C.** had been destroyed **D.** was being destroyed

 **46.** George\_\_\_\_\_\_\_another trip to Greece.

 **A.** said to be planning **B.** said to be planned **C.** is said to be planned **D.** is said to be planning

 **47.** The two prisoners are reported \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from the prison last night.

 **A.** to have been escaped **B.** to escape **C.** to be escaping **D.** to have escaped

**48.** In a school year in Vietnam, there are two **terms** called the first term and the second term.

 **A.** infants **B.** semesters **C.** system **D.** semester

 **49.** Some funny \_\_\_\_\_in class yesterday. **A.** was happened B**.** happens **C.** is happened **D.** happened

 **50.** You can meet Mr. Pike, who is \_\_\_ behalf \_\_\_ the university to solve the problems of foreign students.

 **A.** on / of **B.** with / at **C.** in / for **D.** for / at

 **Trung Gia** High School **THE 2nd WRITTEN TEST ( Grade 12)**

 School Year: 2017- 2018 Time: 45 minutes

**Đáp án mã đề: 152 Đáp án mã đề: 186**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **1** | **C** | **11** | **A** | **21** | **C** | **31** | **A** | **41** | **C** |
| **2** | **B** | **12** | **C** | **22** | **B** | **32** | **B** | **42** | **C** |
| **3** | **D** | **13** | **C** | **23** | **A** | **33** | **C** | **43** | **C** |
| **4** | **D** | **14** | **D** | **24** | **D** | **34** | **B** | **44** | **D** |
| **5** | **C** | **15** | **A** | **25** | **A** | **35** | **B** | **45** | **A** |
| **6** | **A** | **16** | **D** | **26** | **B** | **36** | **B** | **46** | **D** |
| **7** | **D** | **17** | **A** | **27** | **C** | **37** | **D** | **47** | **A** |
| **8** | **C** | **18** | **D** | **28** | **B** | **38** | **C** | **48** | **A** |
| **9** | **C** | **19** | **D** | **29** | **D** | **39** | **D** | **49** | **B** |
| **10** | **B** | **20** | **A** | **30** | **B** | **40** | **A** | **50** | **B** |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **1** | **B** | **11** | **B** | **21** | **C** | **31** | **B** | **41** | **A** |
| **2** | **D** | **12** | **D** | **22** | **A** | **32** | **D** | **42** | **D** |
| **3** | **C** | **13** | **A** | **23** | **A** | **33** | **B** | **43** | **D** |
| **4** | **A** | **14** | **C** | **24** | **D** | **34** | **A** | **44** | **C** |
| **5** | **C** | **15** | **D** | **25** | **A** | **35** | **B** | **45** | **B** |
| **6** | **D** | **16** | **C** | **26** | **B** | **36** | **D** | **46** | **B** |
| **7** | **B** | **17** | **C** | **27** | **C** | **37** | **D** | **47** | **B** |
| **8** | **C** | **18** | **C** | **28** | **C** | **38** | **D** | **48** | **C** |
| **9** | **A** | **19** | **D** | **29** | **A** | **39** | **A** | **49** | **D** |
| **10** | **C** | **20** | **B** | **30** | **A** | **40** | **A** | **50** | **A** |

**Đáp án mã đề: 220 Đáp án mã đề: 254**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **1** | **B** | **11** | **D** | **21** | **D** | **31** | **A** | **41** | **A** |
| **2** | **A** | **12** | **C** | **22** | **A** | **32** | **C** | **42** | **C** |
| **3** | **D** | **13** | **B** | **23** | **C** | **33** | **B** | **43** | **D** |
| **4** | **A** | **14** | **C** | **24** | **A** | **34** | **C** | **44** | **C** |
| **5** | **B** | **15** | **B** | **25** | **C** | **35** | **D** | **45** | **A** |
| **6** | **B** | **16** | **B** | **26** | **B** | **36** | **A** | **46** | **A** |
| **7** | **C** | **17** | **C** | **27** | **B** | **37** | **D** | **47** | **A** |
| **8** | **B** | **18** | **D** | **28** | **D** | **38** | **A** | **48** | **B** |
| **9** | **D** | **19** | **B** | **29** | **C** | **39** | **B** | **49** | **D** |
| **10** | **D** | **20** | **A** | **30** | **D** | **40** | **A** | **50** | **C** |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **1** | **A** | **11** | **C** | **21** | **D** | **31** | **A** | **41** | **D** |
| **2** | **A** | **12** | **D** | **22** | **A** | **32** | **B** | **42** | **D** |
| **3** | **B** | **13** | **D** | **23** | **C** | **33** | **B** | **43** | **A** |
| **4** | **C** | **14** | **A** | **24** | **D** | **34** | **C** | **44** | **D** |
| **5** | **B** | **15** | **B** | **25** | **A** | **35** | **D** | **45** | **B** |
| **6** | **D** | **16** | **B** | **26** | **A** | **36** | **B** | **46** | **A** |
| **7** | **A** | **17** | **D** | **27** | **C** | **37** | **A** | **47** | **C** |
| **8** | **C** | **18** | **A** | **28** | **B** | **38** | **C** | **48** | **C** |
| **9** | **A** | **19** | **B** | **29** | **D** | **39** | **C** | **49** | **C** |
| **10** | **D** | **20** | **D** | **30** | **C** | **40** | **B** | **50** | **C** |

**Đáp án mã đề: 288 Đáp án mã đề: 322**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **1** | **C** | **11** | **D** | **21** | **A** | **31** | **B** | **41** | **A** |
| **2** | **D** | **12** | **B** | **22** | **B** | **32** | **B** | **42** | **D** |
| **3** | **A** | **13** | **B** | **23** | **D** | **33** | **B** | **43** | **D** |
| **4** | **C** | **14** | **C** | **24** | **D** | **34** | **A** | **44** | **D** |
| **5** | **A** | **15** | **C** | **25** | **D** | **35** | **B** | **45** | **C** |
| **6** | **C** | **16** | **B** | **26** | **B** | **36** | **C** | **46** | **A** |
| **7** | **A** | **17** | **D** | **27** | **C** | **37** | **A** | **47** | **B** |
| **8** | **A** | **18** | **C** | **28** | **A** | **38** | **D** | **48** | **C** |
| **9** | **B** | **19** | **C** | **29** | **A** | **39** | **D** | **49** | **C** |
| **10** | **B** | **20** | **B** | **30** | **D** | **40** | **A** | **50** | **C** |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **1** | **D** | **11** | **B** | **21** | **C** | **31** | **D** | **41** | **D** |
| **2** | **A** | **12** | **D** | **22** | **C** | **32** | **B** | **42** | **B** |
| **3** | **C** | **13** | **B** | **23** | **B** | **33** | **C** | **43** | **B** |
| **4** | **A** | **14** | **A** | **24** | **D** | **34** | **D** | **44** | **A** |
| **5** | **C** | **15** | **A** | **25** | **D** | **35** | **A** | **45** | **B** |
| **6** | **B** | **16** | **A** | **26** | **C** | **36** | **C** | **46** | **D** |
| **7** | **A** | **17** | **C** | **27** | **C** | **37** | **A** | **47** | **D** |
| **8** | **A** | **18** | **D** | **28** | **B** | **38** | **D** | **48** | **B** |
| **9** | **A** | **19** | **C** | **29** | **D** | **39** | **A** | **49** | **D** |
| **10** | **B** | **20** | **C** | **30** | **C** | **40** | **B** | **50** | **A** |